

Exam Grading Rubric

October 24, 2016

1. Programming with higher-order functions. Total of 15 points.

- a.
 - Use of `map` for iteration: 2 points
 - Correct navigation to boolean to be flipped: 1 point
 - Use of `not` to flip boolean: 1 points
 - Correct answer returned: 2 points

Notes:

- Any missing parts shouldn't get credit for that part, such as no `map` or no function argument to `map` or no list to `map` over.
- Explicit recursion = 0 points overall
- Use of `while`/`begin` = 0 points overall

b. Implementation of `numTrue`

- Implementation uses `filter` function: 2 points
- Implementation correctly filters out false variables: 3 points
- Implementation uses `fold` or `length` function: 2 points
- Implementation is fully correct: 2 point
- Fold instead of `filter` (reimplementing `filter`) = lost 2 points for `filter`
- Not functionally correct and no correct use of `length`/`fold`/`filter` = 0 points overall
- Use of `if` `null` to handle base case where `fold` can = lost 0.5 points for `fold`

2. Equational reasoning. Total of 16 points.

- Identify proof by induction on list (2 points).
- Base case is when xs is [] (1 point)
- Base case uses definition of foldr appropriately (1 point)
- Base case uses length-nil law appropriately (1 point)
- Induction case is when xs is (y :: ys) (1 point)
- Induction case uses definition of foldr appropriately (2 points)
- Inductive hypothesis is applied correctly (2 points)
- Induction case uses definition of plusOne appropriately (2 points)
- Induction case applies length-cons law appropriately (1 point)
- All the steps in the proof are appropriately connected (1 point)
- All the steps in the proof are correctly identified (2 points)

3. Evaluating Boolean Formulae. Total of 30 points.

a. 8 points total, broken down as follows:

- 4 points for Var, Not, And, and Or constructors.
- 4 points for the correct arguments for each constructor.

b. 5 points total, broken down as follows:

- 1 point for correct representation of all variables.
- 1 point for correct representation of negation.
- 1 point for correct representation of or.
- 1 point for correct representation of and.
- 1 point for correct structure of entire formula.

c. 12 points, broken down as follows:

- 2 points for correct parameters with correct types. (Types need not be written).
- 4 points for a case for each bformula constructor.
- 1 point for Var case correctly querying the environment.
- 1 point for Not case being correct.

- 2 points for Or case being implemented correctly.
- 2 points for And case being implemented correctly.

d. 5 points, broken down as follows:

- 1 point for correct answer for env1.
- 2 point for correct answer for env2. (1 point for saying it raises an exception)
- 1 point for mentioning short-circuiting or 1 point for saying the lookup function will raise an exception.
- 1 point for correctly concluding that short-circuiting implies the exception won't be raised.

4. The semantics of `let`, `let*` and `letrec`. Total of 12 points.

(a) **Result: 1 point**

Justification:

- References `let*` rule: 1 point
- Explains new variables are added to the environment before evaluating the body of `z`: 1 point
- Explains new locations are added to the store and initialized before evaluating the body of `z`: 1 point

(b) **Result: 1 point**

Justification:

- References `letrec` rule: 1 point
- Explains new variables are added to the environment before the evaluation of `z`'s body: 1 point
- Explains new locations are not added to the store until after the evaluation of `z`'s body and that this causes a reference to a unspecified value: 2 points

(c) **Result: 1 point**

Justification:

- References `let` rule: 1 point
- Explains new variables are not added to environment until evaluation of `let` body: 1 point