## HW 3: due Tuesday, April 11

- 1. Prove Chevychev's inequality using Markov's inequality
- 2. The one-dimensional bin packing problem is defined as follows: there are *n* objects of size  $a_1, \ldots, a_n$ , where for each *i*,  $0 < a_i < 1$ . These items must be packed into bins of size 1, and we wish to use as few bins as possible. Give a 2-approximation for this problem.
- 3. Fix a parameter  $\epsilon$  with  $0 < \epsilon < 1$  Given an unweighted graph, with vertices labeled from  $v_1 \ldots v_n$ . For each vertex, define its *local neighborhood* to be its closest  $n^{\epsilon}$  neighbors (breaking ties lexicographically by vertex name). Prove that for any graph G we can find, in polynomial time, a sparse subset of the vertices L (which we call the landmarks) such that: 1) For all vertices, there exists at least one landmark in its local neighborhood and  $2)|L| = O(n^{1-\epsilon} \log n)$ .