Type systems

What they do:

- **Guide coding**
- **Document code (checked by compiler!)**
- **Rule out certain errors**

How they work

- **Predict values at run time**

World's most widely deployed static analysis

“Types classify terms”

“Term” is theory word for “syntax”:

```
n + 1   : int

"hello" ^ "world"   : string

(fn n => n * (n - 1))   : int -> int

if p then 1 else 0 : int, provided  p : bool
```

Type soundness

Key theorem: prediction is accurate

- **Will state more precisely next week**
- **Best explanation for how/why type system works**
- **Proof beyond the scope of 105**

Type-system example

Simple language of machine-level expressions

Two types:

- word predicts a machine word
  (in a general-purpose register)
- flag predicts a single bit
  (in a flags register)

Type this: Language of expressions

Words and flags:

```
datatype exp = ARITH of arithop * exp * exp
             | CMP   of relop   * exp * exp
             | LIT   of int
             | IF    of exp     * exp * exp
and      arithop = PLUS | MINUS | TIMES | ...
and      relop   = EQ | NE | LT | LE | GT | GE

datatype ty = WORDTY | FLAGTY
```

(Looks a lot like int and bool)

Type checking in ML (no variables!)

```
val typeof : exp -> ty
exception IllTyped
fun typeof (ARITH (_, e1, e2)) =
      (case (typeof e1, typeof e2)
         of (WORDTY, WORDTY) => WORDTY
          | _                => raise IllTyped)
  | typeof (CMP (_, e1, e2)) =
      (case (typeof e1, typeof e2)
         of (WORDTY, WORDTY) => FLAGTY
          | _                => raise IllTyped)
  | typeof (LIT _) = WORDTY
  | typeof (IF (e,e1,e2)) =
      (case (typeof e, typeof e1, typeof e2)
         of (FLAGTY, tau1, tau2) =>
            if eqType (tau1, tau2)
            then tau1 else raise IllTyped
          | _                     => raise IllTyped)
```

Let's add variables!

```
datatype exp = ARITH of arithop * exp * exp
             | CMP   of relop   * exp * exp
             | LIT   of int
             | IF    of exp     * exp * exp
             | VAR   of name
             | LET   of name    * exp * exp
and      arithop = PLUS | MINUS | TIMES | ...
and      relop   = EQ | NE | LT | LE | GT | GE

datatype ty = WORDTY | FLAGTY
```

Type checking for variables

```
val typeof : exp * ty env -> ty
fun typeof (ARITH ..., Gamma ) =  <as before>
  | typeof (VAR x, Gamma)      =
      (case maybeFind (x, Gamma)
         of SOME tau => tau
          | NONE     => raise IllTyped)
  | typeof (LET (x, e1, e2), Gamma) =
        let tau1 = typeof (e1, Gamma)
        in  typeof (e2, extend Gamma x tau1)
        end
```