

# Class exercise: Function inlining and specialization

COMP 40

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## Group

Keeper of the record:
Other group members:

## Function inlining

In this problem I want you to *estimate the cost of function calls* by counting calls, returns, arithmetic operations, loads, compares, and branches.

What's to be gained by inlining `UArray_at(segment, r4)`? Assume that after inlining, the compiler improves the code as much as possible.

```
void *UArray_at(T array, int i) {
    assert(array);
    assert(i >= 0 && i < array->length);
    return array->elems + i*array->size;
}
```

Without inlining  
After inlining and specialization

<i>Calls &amp; returns</i>	<i>Arithmetic</i>	<i>Loads and stores</i>	<i>Comparisons</i>	<i>Branches</i>

What's to be gained by inlining `Bitpack_getu(instr, 3, 6)`? Assume that after inlining, the compiler improves the code as much as possible.

```
static inline uint64_t shl(uint64_t word, unsigned bits) {
    assert(bits <= 64);
    if (bits == 64)
        return 0;
    else
        return word << bits;
}

static inline uint64_t shr(uint64_t word, unsigned bits) { // shift R logical
    assert(bits <= 64);
    if (bits == 64)
        return 0;
    else
        return word >> bits;
}

uint64_t Bitpack_getu(uint64_t word, unsigned width, unsigned lsb) {
    unsigned hi = lsb + width; // one beyond the most significant bit
    assert(hi <= 64);
    return shr(shl(word, 64 - hi), 64 - width); // different type of right shift
}
```

Without inlining  
After inlining and specialization

<i>Calls &amp; returns</i>	<i>Arithmetic</i>	<i>Loads and stores</i>	<i>Comparisons</i>	<i>Branches</i>